

Philip Schaff's Chronological Table of the Apostolic Age from his "History of the Christian Church"			
A.D.	Scripture History	Events In Palestine	Events in the Roman Empire
6	Birth of Christ	Death of Herod I. or the Great (a.u. 750, or b.c. 4). Archelaus in Judaea, Samaria, and Idumea; Herod Antipas in Galilee and Peraea, and Philip in Auranitis, Trachonitis, Paneas, and Batanaea. Archelaus deposed, and Judaea made a Roman province	Augustus Emperor of Rome, b.c. 27- a.d. 14.
9	His visit to the Temple at twelve years of age	Cyrenius (Quirinius), Governor of Syria (for the second time). The registration, or, "taxing." Act_5:37. Revolt of "Judas of Galilee." Coponius Procurator of Judaea. Marcus Ambivius Procurator	
12			Tiberius colleague of Augustus
13		Annius Rufus Procurator (about)	
14		Valerius Gratus Procurator	Augustus dies. Tiberius sole emperor (14-37)
26		Pontius Pilate Procurator from a.d. 26	
	Christ's Baptism.	Caiafas high priest from a.d. 26	
	His three years' ministry.		
36	His Crucifixion, Resurrection (April), and Ascension (May). Descent of the Holy Spirit at Pentecost Birthday of the Church (May). Acts, Act_2:1-47.	Marcellus Procurator Pilate sent to Rome by the Prefect of Syria	
37	Martyrdom of Stephen. Act_7:1-60.	Maryllus appointed Hipparch	Caligula Emperor (37-41)
37	Peter and John in Samaria. Act_8:1-40.	Herod Agrippa I King of Judea and Samaria	
	Conversion of Saul . Act_9:1-43, comp. 22 and 26, and Gal_1:16; 1Co_15:8.		
41	Saul's escape from Damascus, and first visit to Jerusalem (after his conversion). Gal_1:18. Admission of Cornelius into the Church. Act_10:1-48 and Act_11:1-30.		Philo at Rome Claudius Emperor (41-54)
	Persecution of the Church in Jerusalem. James the Elder, the son of Zebedee, beheaded. Peter imprisoned and delivered. He leaves Palestine. Act_12:2-23.	Herod Agrippa I dies at Caesarea	
	Paul's second visit to Jerusalem, with aims from the church at Antioch. Act_11:30		Conquest of Britain, 43-51
	Paul is set apart as an apostle. Act_13:2.	Cuspius Fadus Procurator of Judea	
46		Tiberius Alexander Procurator	
47		Ventidius Cumanus Procurator	
	Paul's first missionary journey with Barnabas and Mark, Cyprus, Pisidia, Lystra, Derbe. Return to Antioch. Act_13:1-52 and Act_14:1-28.		
	The Epistle of James (variously dated from 44 to 62).		
	The apostolic council of Jerusalem. Conflict between Jewish and Gentile Christianity. Paul's third visit to Jerusalem with Barnabas find Titus. Peaceful adjustment of the question of circumcision. Act_15:1-41 and Gal_2:1-10.		
	Temporary collision with Peter and Barnabas at Antioch. Gal_2:11-14.		
51	Paul sets out on his second missionary journey from Antioch to Asia Minor (Cilicia, Lycaonia, Galatia, Troas) and Greece (Philippi, Thessalonica, Berea, Athens, Corinth). The Christianization of Europe. Act_15:36 to Act_18:22	Antonius Felix Procurator	
52	Paul at Corinth a year and a half. Writes First and Second Epistles to the Thessalonians from Corinth.	The Tetrarchy of Trachonitis given to Herod Agrippa II (the last of the Herodian family)	Decree of Claudius banishing Jews from Rome
54 55	Paul's, fourth visit to Jerusalem (spring). Short stay at Antioch. Enters (autumn, 54) on his third missionary journey, occupying about four years. Paul at Ephesus, 54 to 57. Act_19:1-41).	Revolt of the Sicarii, headed by an Egyptian (Act_21:38)	Nero Emperor
	Paul writes to the Galatians (?) from Ephesus or from some part of Greece on his journey to Corinth (57). Act_20:1-38.		
	Paul writes First Epistle to the Corinthians from Ephesus; starts for Macedonia and writes Second Epistle to the Corinthians from Macedonia.		
	Epistle to the Romans from Corinth, where he spent three months. He visits (the fifth time) Jerusalem; is apprehended, brought before Felix, and imprisoned at Caesarea for two years. Acts, Act_21:17 to Act_26:32.		
60	Paul appears before Festus, appeals to Caesar, is sent to Italy (in autumn). Shipwreck at Malta. Act_27:1-44 and Act_28:1-31.	Porcius Festus Procurator	
61	Arrives a prisoner at Rome (in spring).	Embassy from Jerusalem to Rome respecting the wall.	War with Boadicea in Britain
	Paul writes to the Philippians, Ephesians, Colossians, Philemon, from his prison in Rome.		Apollonius of Tyana at the Olympic games
62	Martyrdom of James, the Lord's brother, at Jerusalem (according to Josephus, or 69 according to Hegesippus).		Josephus at Rome
	Paul is supposed to have been released. Act_28:30	Albinus Procurator	
	Epistle to the Hebrews, written from Italy after the release of Timothy (Heb_13:23).		
	First Epistle of Peter. Epistle of Jude (?). Second Epistle of Peter	Gessius Florus Procurator	Great fire at Rome (in July); first imperial persecution of the

			Christians (martyrdom of Peter and Paul)
65	The Synoptical Gospels and Acts	Beginning of the great war between the Romans and the Jews	Seneca and Lucan put to death by Nero
	Paul visits Crete and Macedonia, and writes First Epistle to Timothy, and Epistle to Titus (?). Paul writes Second Epistle to Timothy (?)	Vespasian General in Palestine	
	Paul's and Peter's martyrdom in Rome (?).		
68	The Revelation of John		Galba Emperor
69			Otho and Vitellius Emperor
69			Vespasian Emperor
70		Destruction of Jerusalem by Titus	
76		(Josephus released)	Coliseum begun
79			Destruction of Pompeii and Heraculaneum
79			Titus Emperor
91	John writes his Gospel and Epistles (?).		Domitian Emperor
95 96	John writes the Revelation		Persecution of Christians Nerva Emperor
97			Death of Apollonius
98	Death of John.		Trajan Emperor

"Chronological Table of the Apostolic Age" from "The History of the Christian Church" by Pilip Schaff. Table format has been modified for BibleSanity.org (Year column moved to left, colors added).